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EU Circle Project

A pan - European framework for strengthening Critical Infrastructure resilience to climate change EU-CIRCLE

Dr. CATHERINE FREISSINET (ARTELIA EAU & ENVIRONNEMENT)
CATHERINE.FREISSINET@ARTELIAGROUP.COM



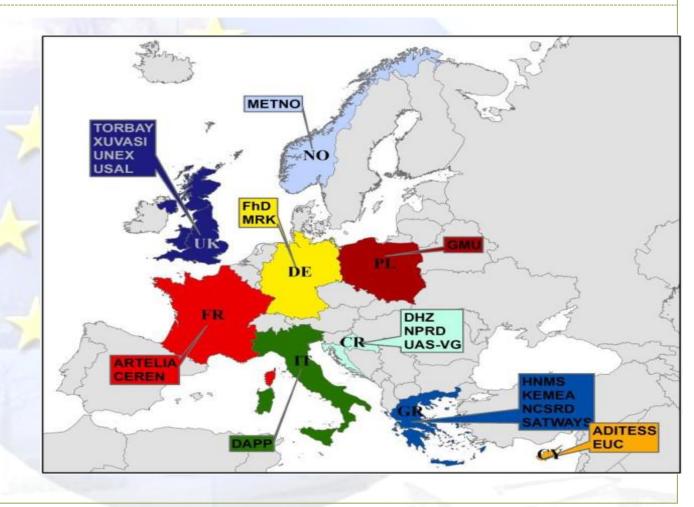
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EU-CIRCLE Consortium

20 partners

9 EU countries

13 International members of Stakeholder's Advisory Group





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EU-CIRCLE Main Scope

EU-CIRCLE's scope: to derive an innovative framework for supporting the interconnected European Infrastructure's resilience to climate pressures.

Development of a validated Climate Infrastructure Resilience Platform (CIRP) that will:

- ✓ assess potential impacts due to climate hazards,
- ✓ provide monitoring through new resilience indicators and
- ✓ support cost-efficient adaptation measures.

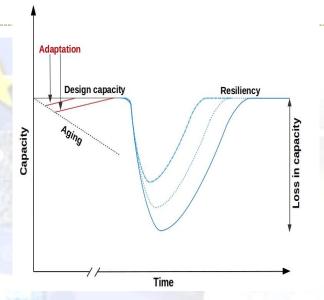
Addressing community requirements, either in responding to short-term hazards and extreme weather events or in deriving the most effective long term adaptation measures.



The Time Scales Involved

Critical Infrastructure (CI) are large scale projects, that will service the community for very long time frames.

- Climate change is expected to change the security / safety critical parameters of the CI;
- Expose new vulnerabilities;
- Impact the type and characteristics of the interconnections between CI.

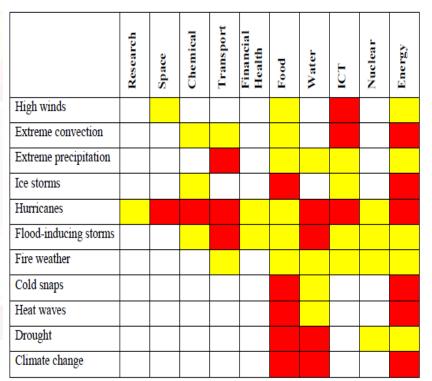


- Impacts on CI span over different time scales
 - Short term (a few hours to days)
 - Medium term (service replacement)
 - Long term (major renovations new infrastructures)
- Climate Hazards
 - Very distant future
 - Changes in extreme events (frequency magnitude)



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Climate Threats to CI - An Overview



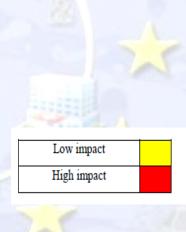


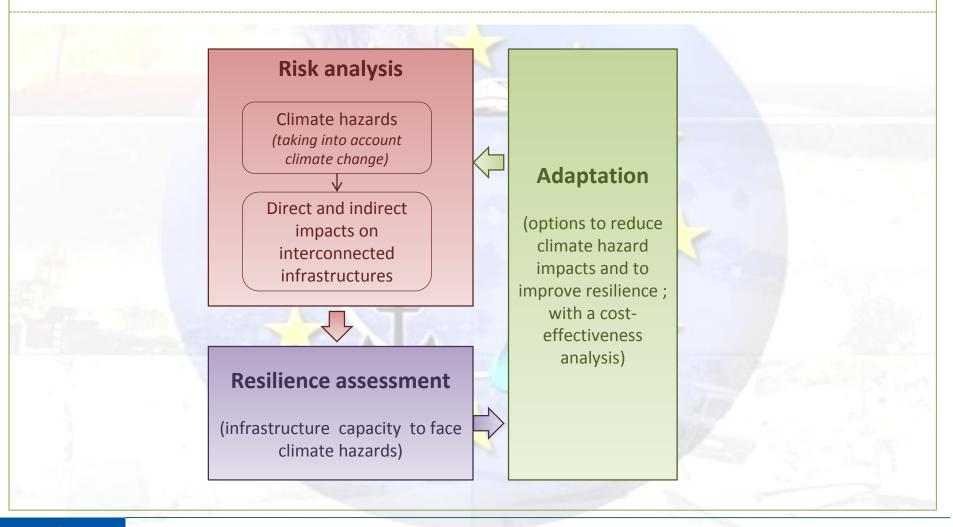
Table 1: Critical infrastructure and threats

But of course this must take into consideration the specific characteristics and vulnerabilities of each CI.



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EU-CIRCLE in a picture





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Case Study 1: Extreme Dryness and forest fires on electricity and

transport networks

Lead Partner: ENTENTE POUR LA FORÊT MÉDITERRANÉENNE

Case Study 2: Storm and Sea Surge at a Baltic Sea Port, Gdynia

Poland

Lead Partner: AKADEMIA MORSKA W GDYNI

Case Study 3: Coastal Flooding (surface water, highway, sewer and

watercourse flooding) across Torbay, UK

Lead Partner: UNEXE and Torbay Council

Case Study 4: International Event Lead Partner: USAL and NCSRD

Case Study 5: Rapid Winter Flooding (melting ice, narrow mountain

streams, flooding) around Dresden, Germany

Lead Partner: Fraunhofer IVI







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Case Study 1: Heat Wave and Forest fire impacts on electric and road transport networks Provence-Alpes-Côte d'Azur Region (France)





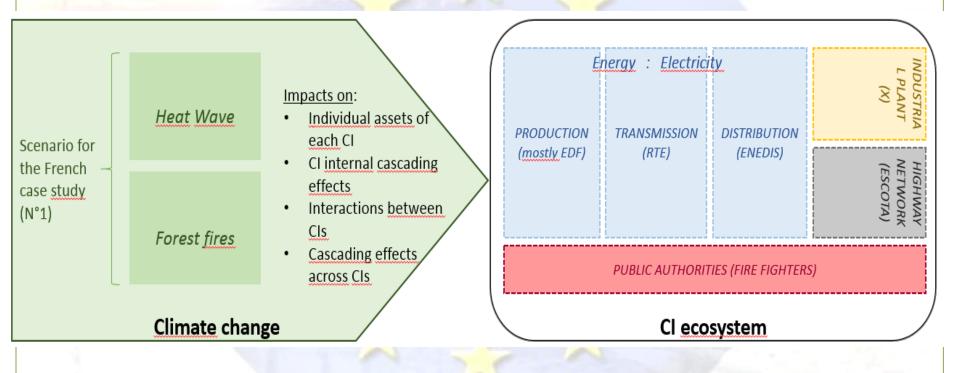






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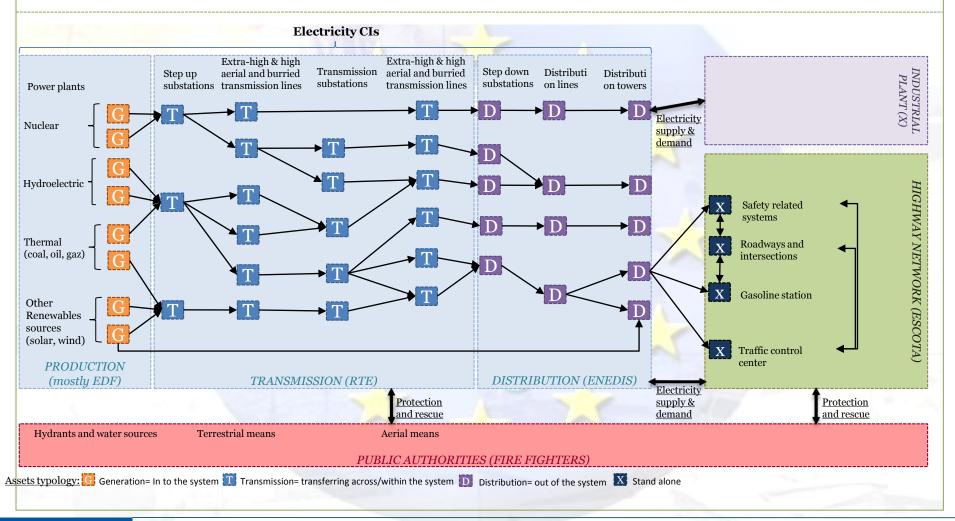
Case Study in a Nutshell





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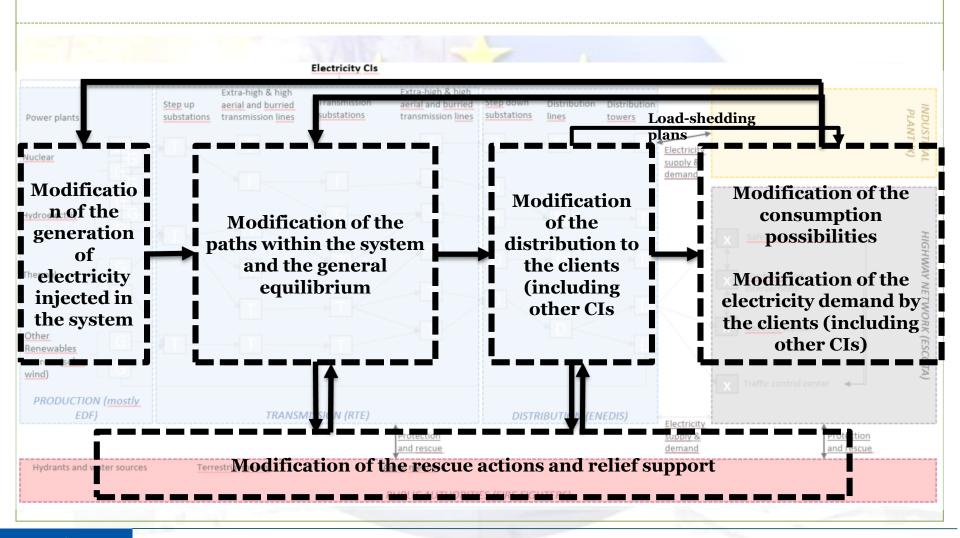
CI ecosystem of the French case study





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Cascading effects across CIs





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Conclusions

For CI operators

- Evaluation of the impacts of climate change on operators' assets and services/activities
- Better understanding of interactions between interconnected infrastructures / domino effects
- Information about how to improve resilience of CI in relation to climate change
- Support in the integration of climate risks in prevention plans
- Public communication, CC and risk management integration in corporate social responsability
- Maintain the infrastructure activity during the event
 - Work on prevention processes: ex clearing along highway networks or High Tension Line to limit the fire front power
 - o If the activity is cut because of external events, set up protocols to restore the activity in a safe way for public and rescue services
- For EU-CIRCLE project
 - o 1st case study, validation of analytical modules and resilience components



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