





BASINS AND FINANCIAL REDISTRIBUTION IN ACTION

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Central purpose:

Promote watershed management and in particular financial redistributive instruments as relevant tools for funding adaptation to climate change

Budget:

Global budget: 2,5 millions €

Financing: - European Union (75%)

- Partners counterparts (25%)

Calendar:

2015-2017

Duration: 36 months







Partners of Eco Cuencas Project







Components





2. Guide for implementation of financial mechanisms

4. Difusion of results and lesson learned, capacitation building.

1. Participative evaluation of the initial situation

3. Pilot projects implementation

Ecuador / Perú Chira - Catamayo











Hydrographical regions and PCJ basins





Fuente: Léo (2014)

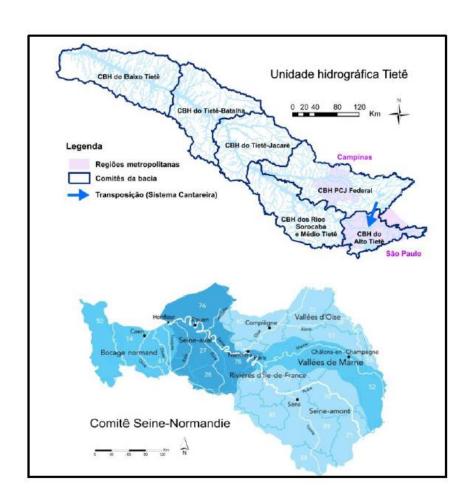


Key issues



Governance Issues:
PCJ institutions are
managing 3 rightbank tributaries of
« Upstream Tiete » -

A way for integrating overall Tieté River Basin, incl. Sao Paulo city?





Consequences on:



- **Political issues**: how to really integrate Sao Paulo city within the decision making process, and not « only undergo » decisions from outside the basin
- **Planning issues**: lack of coordination between the various sub-basins; lack of consolidation at Tieté level: how to reach a real integrated water resources management at Tieté basin level, including CC issues?
- **Financial issues**: collected money from « cobrança » is much more limited, as well as the budget for operating a Water Agency in a smooth way.







Climate change issues



REGULAR FLOW OF PIRACICABA RIVER?



Río Piracicaba en la ciudad de Piracicaba. Fuente: AGENCIA PCJ



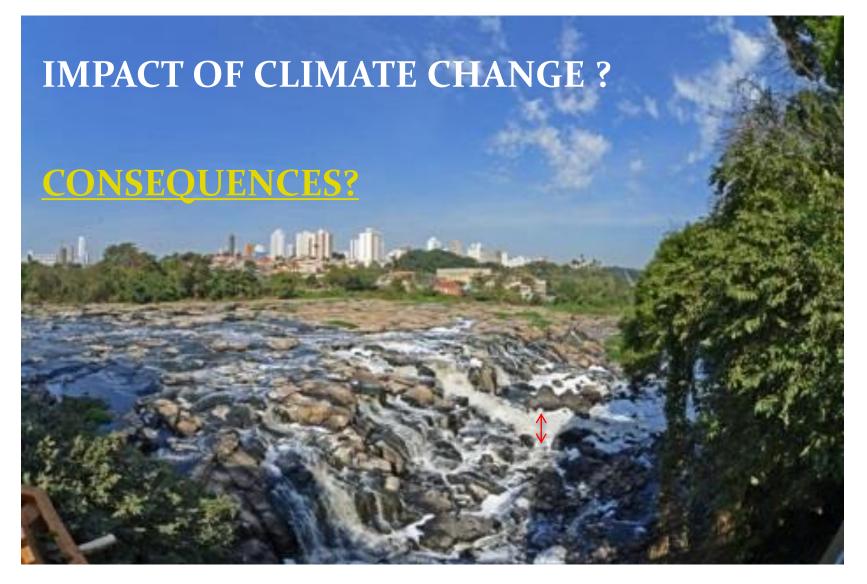








PIRACICABA RIVER IN 2014



Fuente: AGENCIA PCJ



Cost of "no-action"



(even if many efforts were made...)

- In 2014, an important number of municipalities had to take some measures for reducing water consumption.
- In some cities, the situation was really critical (collapse of water system) :
 - Close of some commercial sites;
 - Postpone of some industrial projects
 - Decrease in the quotation of real estates, linked to the fall of investment demand

Seca e reformas desafiam urgências em Campinas

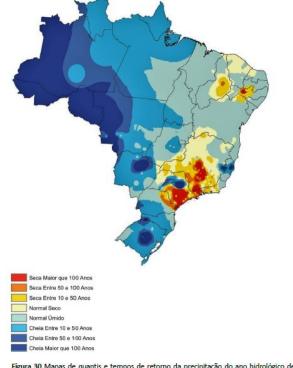


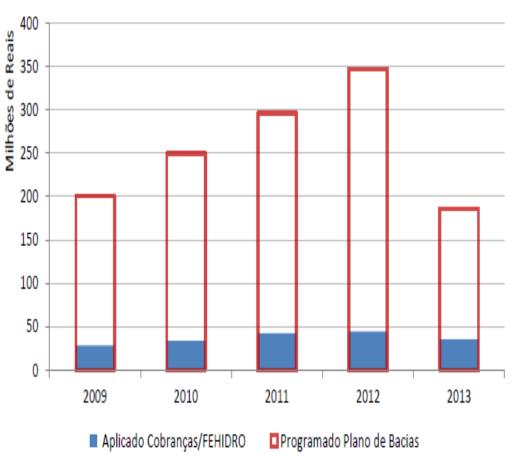
Figura 30 Mapas de quantis e tempos de retorno da precipitação do ano hidrológico de 2014

Fonte: CONJUNTURA DOS RECURSOS HÍDRICOS - INFORME 2015 - ANA



Ratio between « cobrança » and plan funding needs





EcoCuencas





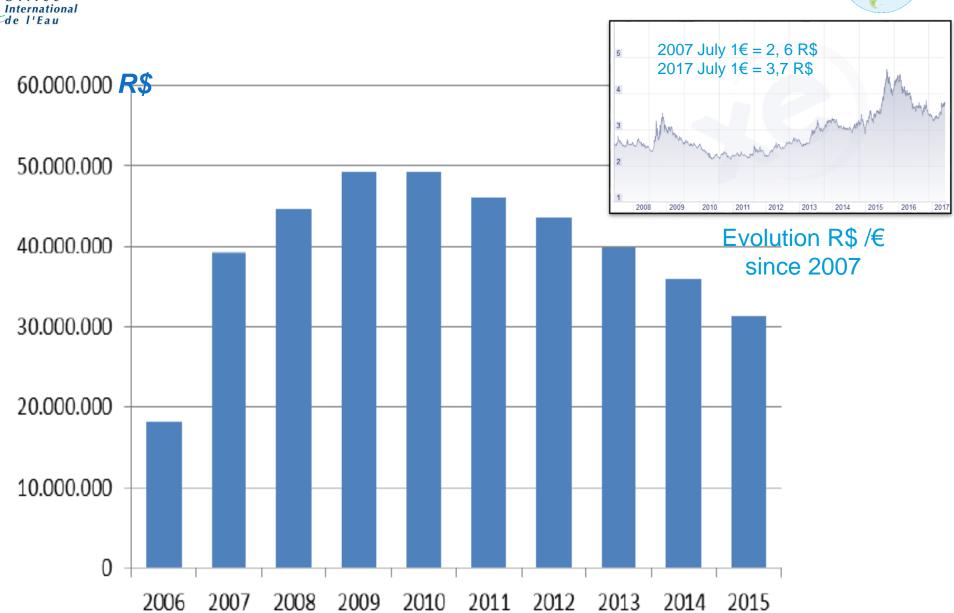
Adaptation to climate change





Financing: charges collection in PCJ









Recommendations

- Cobrança too low to induce changes in behaviors and too provide a significant source of funding; Low ratio between cobrança and management plan funding needs
- Economical and social consequences insufficiently assessed for all categories of water users; Difference to be made between capacity and willing to pay
- Need for indexation on inflation
- Need for improving and speeding the spending mechanisms (status of « public money »), including for private water users



4. Rio Grande II Basin in Colombia

A PES Scheme implementation





SUB COMP 1. IMPLEMENTATION OF THE SCHEME

- -Identification of plots in the areas + Georeferencing.
 -Socioeconomic, environmental, legal study of each plot
- -Prioritization (25 lots) and definition of a compensation scheme (Model BanCO2): Monthly minimal wage
 - -All related information in Web application

SUB COMP 2. FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT FOR SUSTAINABILITY

-Structuring and signing the draft conservation agreement for prioritized plots

-Implementation of PSA in the 25 prioritized properties

-Productive technical assistance to the plots for their longterm sustainability: plot planning

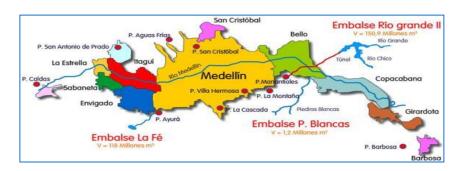
SUB COMP 3. MONITORING

-Conduct field verification visits to comply with conservation commitments

-Socioeconomic monitoring of the improvement of the quality of life of beneficiary families

SUB COMP 4. TRAINING AND COMMUNICATIONS

- Training (2 trainings per property), Communications and Media Plan, Reporting



Cuencas Abastecedora s de Agua para el Valle de Aburrá







LESSONS LEARNED:





Selection of the plot

- 2 phases of prioritization (which micro-basin; which plots)
- -Need of **Eco-systemic**, **socioeconomic and legal** knowledge of the plot
- -Prioritization : clear and transparent

Establishment of the scheme

- -Voluntary contributions from Private Companies and Water Supply Company
- Economic incentive + a **technical assistance** to the plot ("plan de finca") in order to also induce a mutation of the production matrix, generating conviction of the owner

Articulation with IWRM instruments

- -Necessity of **good coordination** for water information systems, IWRM planning, participation of users, etc. **PES can be a true opportunity for the pillars of IWRM**.
- -Emergency : on-going deforestation !

Sustainability/Monitoring

- -At a first look, **monitoring results are good** (environmental, socioeconomic, productive)
- -But need of sustainability: what happens when payment stops?: proposition of Cuenca Verde about solar panels in order to continue payment after termination of the PES program





Thank you for your attention



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