

Yangtze River Economic Zone and Adaptation to Climate Change

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Background — Yangtze River Basin (YRB)

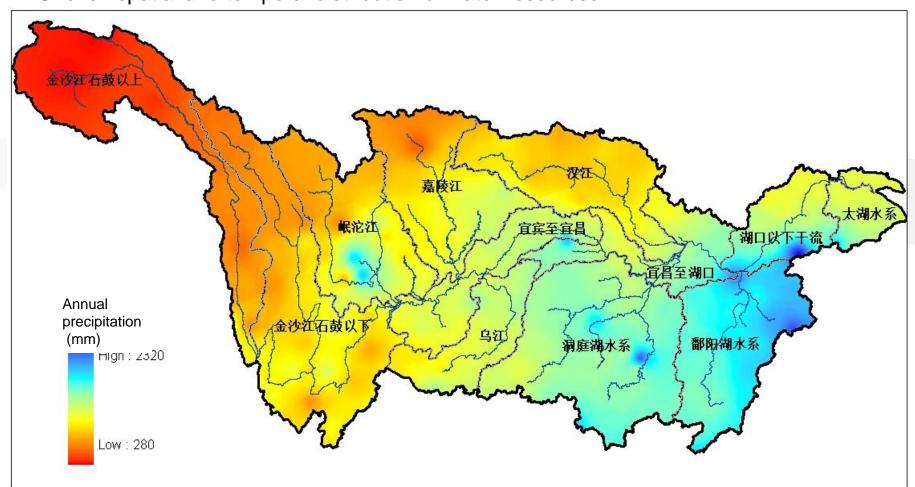




Background — Yangtze River Basin (YRB)



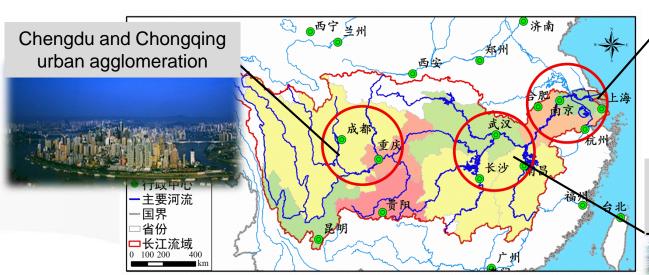
- □ River length: 6,300 km
- Catchment area: 1.8 million km²
- □ Water resources: 996 billion m³/a, 98.9% of which is surface water
- ☐ Uneven spatial and temporal distribution of water resources



Background — Yangtze River Basin (YRB)



Importance of the YRB



Yangtze River Economic Zone covers 11 provinces and cities.

Drainage area accounts for 21% of the whole country.





Yangtze River Delta urban agglomeration

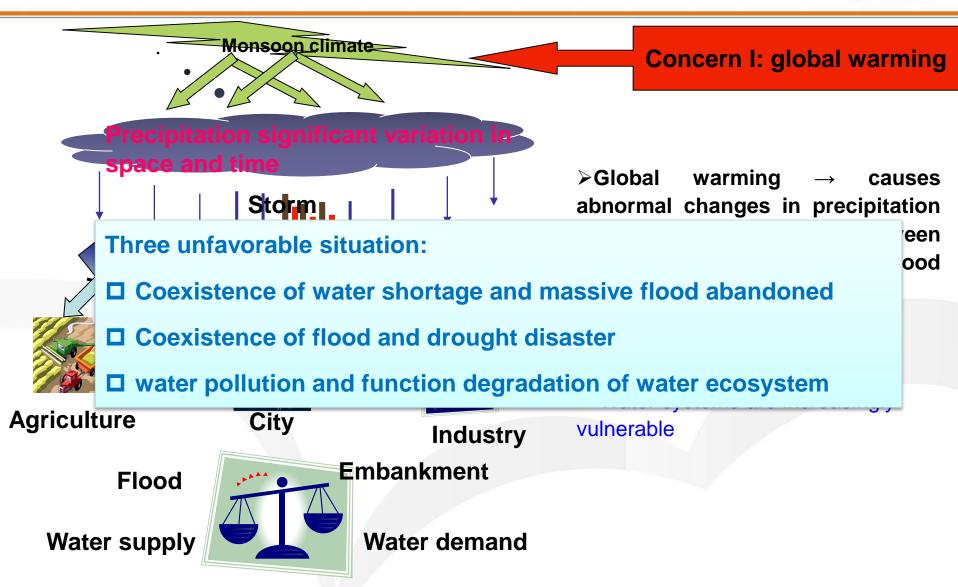


Urban agglomeration in Middle Reaches of Yangtze River



- China's three major economic strategies:
 - . Yangtze River Economic Zone
- 2. Beijing-Tianjin-Hebei integration
- 3. One Belt, One Road Programm







Frequency and intensity of extreme flood and short-term heavy rainstorm tends to increase

- 1998: extraordinary flood of Yangtze River
- 2013-2017: serious urban flood due to extreme rain event









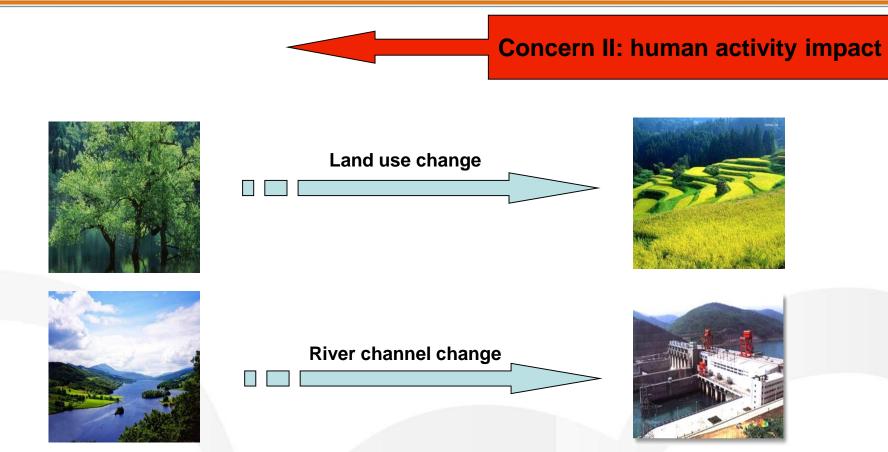
Climate change exaggerate regional drought

- 2006: severe drought event in Sichuan and Chongqing Province
- 2009-2013: continuous drought event have affected 61 million people and caused direct economic losses of 3 billion EUR in southwest China











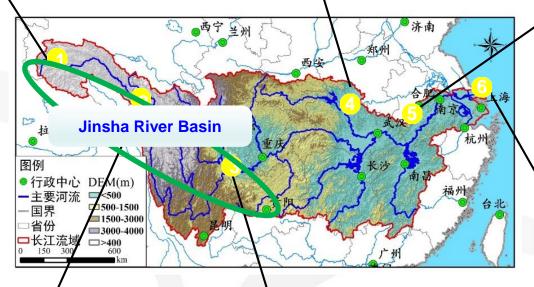
Concern III: water pollution and function degradation of water ecosystem

Yangtze River source region Region with fragile ecological environment

Mainly affected by climate change

Three gorges reservoir region With great water resources protection pressure

Dongting Lake and Poyang Lake The international important wetlands, there are conflicts among lake governance, river connection and wetland protection.



Downstream and estuary area Capacity of Land, water environment, riverside utilization, etc. have reached the upper limit.

Main stream and tributaries in upper reaches of Jinsha River Region with fragile ecological

environment

Middle and lower reaches of Jinsha River
The development of cascade hydropower stations
has significant impacts on the rare fish protected
areas in the upper reaches of the Yangtze River.

Example of Adaptation Experiences to Climate Change



Climate Change Impact Assessment on water balance, extreme events and ecosystem in Jinsha River Basin (JRB)



Know more about Water Characteristics, Extreme Events and Aquatic Ecosystems

learn more



Predict Runoff, Prevent Flooding: A Forecasting Model



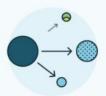
Water Supply and Demand: An Evaluation and Planning Tool

<u>learn more</u>



Glacier and Snow Melt Monitoring Capability Improved

learn more



Impacts of Climate Change on Water Supply and Extreme Events

learn more



Adaptation Strategies and Measures for the Future

learn more

CC impact

- Increased risk of agricultural drought
- Increased risk of floods in main stream
- Increased mountain torrents in some tributary areas.

CC impact and human activity

- Urban water supply and demand: impact of socio-economic development is more pronounced than CC
- Fish habitats: impact of power stations on fish habitat is greater than water temperature rise due to CC

Example of Adaptation Experiences to Climate Change





- Developed Yangtze River source region
 Snowmelt Runoff Model based on remote sensing
- Installed visual real-time monitoring of glacier change of Yulong Snow Mountain



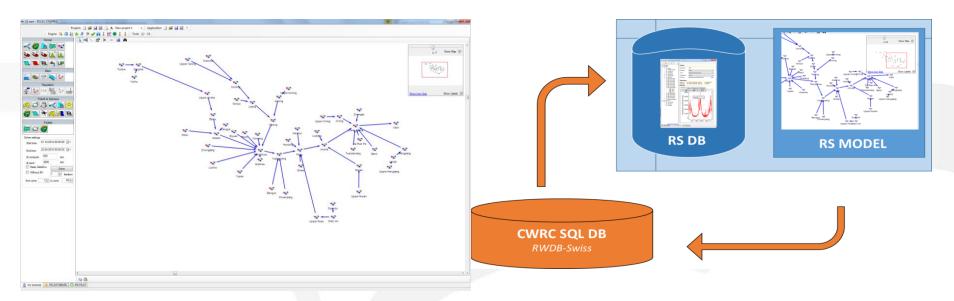


Example of Adaptation Experiences to Climate Change





Developed a short-medium-long term hydrological forecast system for JRB, to further enhance the hydrological and flood forecast ability of CWRC.



Adaptation measures — Assessed climate Adaptability of constructed and Planned Water Project in JRB





Adaptation Strategies and Measures for the Future

- Assess the Capacity of major water conservancy projects in the main stream of Jinsha River in terms of extreme events
- Assess adaptive capacity for climate change and socio-economic development of typical urban water planning projects

Conclusion:

- Jinsha River is an important hydropower development area of Yangtze River. The storage capacity of large water projects (under construction and planned) will be sufficient to relief the drought caused by climate change. However, for extreme floods, measures such as dike construction and emergency evacuation shall be taken.
- ☐ The Five-Year Water Development Plan of the cities will be the adaptive planning tool to deal with water deficit caused by climate change and rapid socio-economic development

Development Strategy of Yangtze River Economic Zone



The development of the Yangtze River Economic Zone (YREZ) is relying on golden waterway of Yangtze River to promote the cooperative development strategy of China's eastern, middle and western regions, and to built a new support belt for China's economy. China stipulates the green development of YREZ and attaches great importance to the ecological environment protection.

Objective: by 2020, the eco-environment will be substantially improved and water resources effectively protected and rationally used.

The environmental function of rivers, lakes and wetlands will be restored, and the proportion of high-quality water will exceed



75%

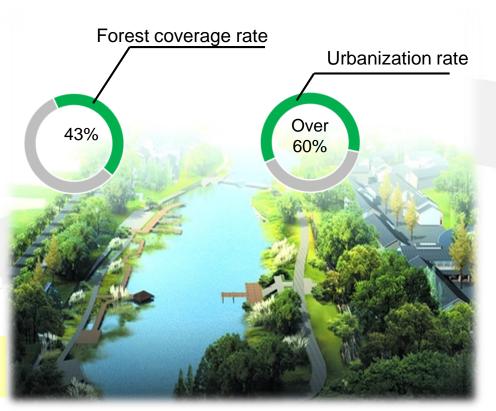
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《长江经济带发展规划纲要》正式印发

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Development Strategy of Yangtze River Economic Zone

Green

Targets

Health



Development goals

Seek for the harmony between human and water, to make the YRB a livable place with coordinated economic and social development and a suitable site for social, cultural and economic development.

Efficient use of resources, strict pollutant discharge standards and the lowest ecological and environmental impact.

Seek for protecting the natural environment, beautiful landscape and cultural heritage of YRB

Harmon

Ensure the water safty and water security, and maintain the health of ecosystem, including human-being and ecosystem.

Adaptive Water Resources Management Strategy to CC



Focus of water resources management for recent five years

01

Implementation of the most stringent water resources management, three boundary lines

- Water use amount
- Water use efficiency
- Pollutant amount

02

Full implementation of river chief system

03

Accelerate the introduction of "The Yangtze River Basin Protection Law"

Adaptive Water Resources Management Strategy to CC



Focus for the next stage

01

Deepen the reform of integrated water resources management system of the YRB

- □ Save water by implementing economic leverage and improve public's awareness of water conservation
- Include climate change adaptation of YRB into integrated river basin planning
- □ Economically developed areas shall take the lead to implement goal of "emission reduction".

02

Improve the crisis awareness of tackling different extreme weather events

- Consider CC impact in major water project construction projects and water policy
- Improve adaptive management capacity and develop the prevention measures for extreme flood and drought disasters under different CC scenarios
- ☐ Establish and improve early warning system

Adaptive Water Resources Management Strategy to CC



Key points for the next stage

03

Optimize the operation scheme of major projects

- □ Strengthen the construction of water project such as reservoir, river channel, embankment as well as flood detention area
- Coordinate inter-basin water diversion project
- Optimize operation rules of major projects to adapt to future changes in water
 Total

04

Improve regulation and storage capacity of basin water resources

- Enhance ecological environmental protection of Yangtze River source region and improve its water conservation capacity
- Speed up water and soil erosion control
- □ Actively promote the connection of rivers and lakes in middle and lower reaches of the Yangtze River, strengthen protection of wetlands and lakes and improve flood storage capacity of wetlands

