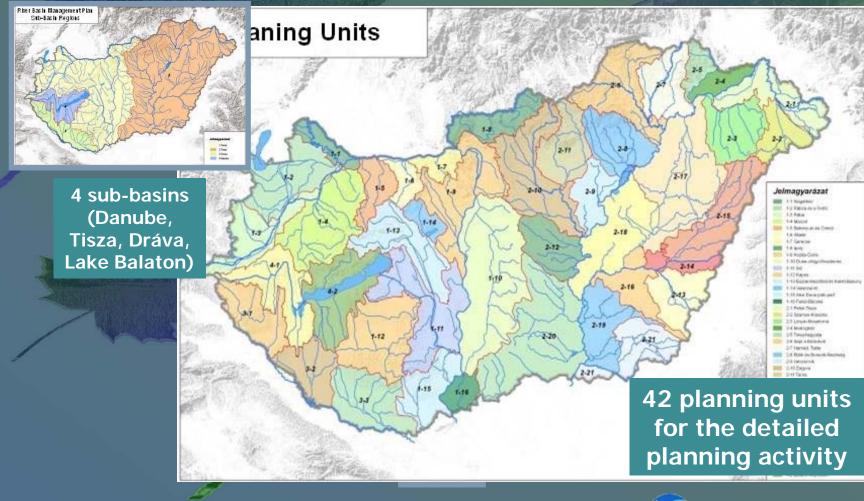
River Restoration in Hungary



Kálmán Papp, International Coordinator Central Directorate for Water and Environment



Sub-basins in Hungary





Participants in the planning

Competent authorities:

The plans prepared by:

Participating institutions:

Ministerial / international partners:

Other interested partners:

The plans are endorsed by:

Participants in the implementation:

VM, VKKI (Ministry and Central Directorate)

Local directorates in consortium with ÖKO Zrt Consulting Co.

Green Authorities, National Park Directorates

Other ministries and their national or regional institutions Neighbouring countries

Municipalities, self governments, water boards, professional technical and civil organisations, producers, population

Water Councils, VM

Local Directorates, Consultants by tenders, construction and maintenance companies

International cooperation

 Roof report prepared by ICPDR with active Hungarian participation

 Agreement with 7 neighbouring countries in the framework of transboundary commissions





Programme of Measures by interested fields and offices

- Agriculture and rural development
- Water resources management
- Spatial planning and local government
- Economy, energy and transport
- Nature heritage protection
- Other governance issues





RBMP of Hungary

 RBMP of Hungary was sent to **Bruxelles in due time in December 2009** Hungarian Government approved the Plan in March 2010. Costs of implementation: - 2007-2013: 1500 billion HUF (5,3 billion Euro) - 2014-2027: 1300 billion HUF (4,6 billion Euro



Activities for river restoration

- rehabilitation of river stretches;
- rehabilitation of river side arms and oxbows;
- rehabilitation of canals;
- rehabilitation of reservoirs;
- reconstruction or rehabilitation of smaller water-systems and watercourses;
- rehabilitation of lakes;
- development of navigability on waterways;





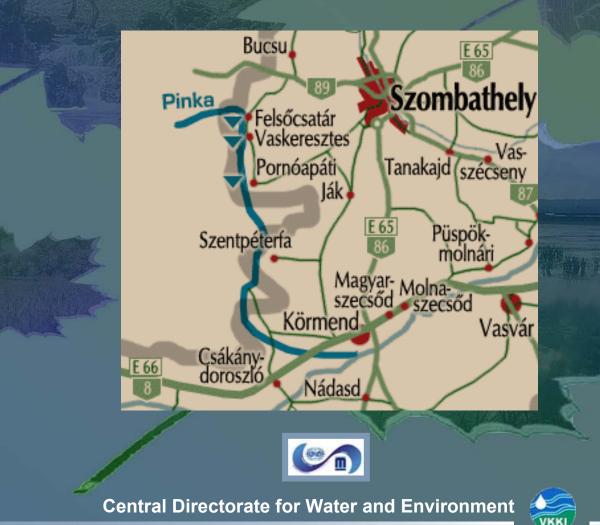
Activities for river restoration

- rehabilitation of natural conditions along the rivers, rehabilitation of wetlands, participation in nature conservancy projects;
- rehabilitation of flood plains;
- rehabilitation of water conveyance capacity;
- development of sustainable flood and inland water protection;
- providing free passages for fishes in the rivers and reservoirs;
- protection of water quality in river systems, water pollution control;





Reconstruction of smaller water-systems/watercourses: Pinka



Kebele water reservoir





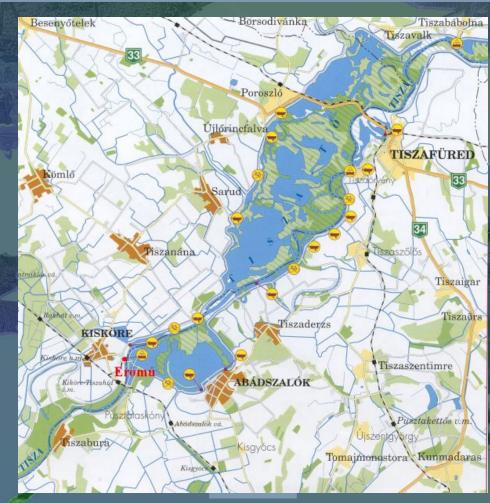


Restoration of lakes – Small Balaton.



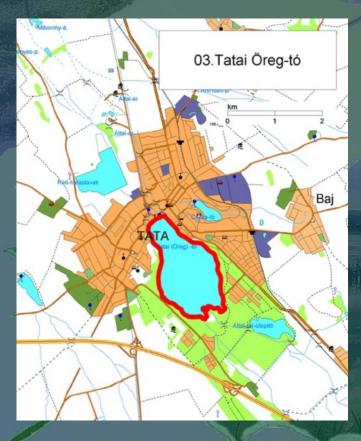


Restoration of lakes – Tisza Lake





Restoration of lakes – Tata Old Lake (Öreg-tó)







Development of navigability contributes to the restoration of rivers

Some rivers are important waterways therefore the development of navigability contributes to the restoration of these rivers. Some examples for these type of activities:

Development of navigability on the Danube river between Dunaszekcső and the the country boundary. It is important from the point of view of development of modal transport on the Danube international waterway.
Reconstruction works on the Hungarian-Croatian frontier section of the Dráva river help to maintain the safe navigation.





Hungarian-Croatian frontier section of the Dráva



Water rehabilitation projects to protect the nature

- wetland rehabilitation,
- water supply for nature protection areas,
- participation in NATURA 2000 programme





Sustainable river regulation and flood protection

Better sustainability contributes to river restoration by minimising the direct flood protection costs Ráckeve-Soroksár side arm of river Danube Danube project New Vásárhelyi Plan for river Tisza





Protection of water quality in the river systems

- Hungarian-Slovenian project
- Hungarian-Romanian-French project for the Körös
- Danube GEF project
- Hungarian-Romanian cooperation on the Tur river catchment





Protection of water quality River system: Körösök





Water pollution caused by communal wastes

- Hungarian-Ukrainian special plastic bottle collection system
- Waste collection system in neighbouring Transcarpathian region





Managing of environmental risks

Cianyd pollution on River Tisza in 2001 (Tisza-Lake water quality was protected)
Red mud spill from Ajka Aluminium Ltd tailing pond in 2010 (Danube water quality was protected)





Summary

- river restoration were made and are in progress almost in the whole area of Hungary
 - Danube, Tisza, Dráva, Körös River System, Rába, Répce, Pinka, Ipoly), smaller watercourses and lakes
- flood protection, development and research activities are also important to economise the monetary resources for the sake of river restoration.





Latest development: Danube Strategy

- One pillar of the Strategy is "Protecting the environment in the Danube Region"
 Two main goals:

 to restore and maintain the quality of waters
 - to manage environmental risks

In the future we shall also work actively for the restoration of rivers!





Thank you for Your kind attention!

Moito obrigado!

